

# Combinational Circuits

## Multiplexers Question Solving - I

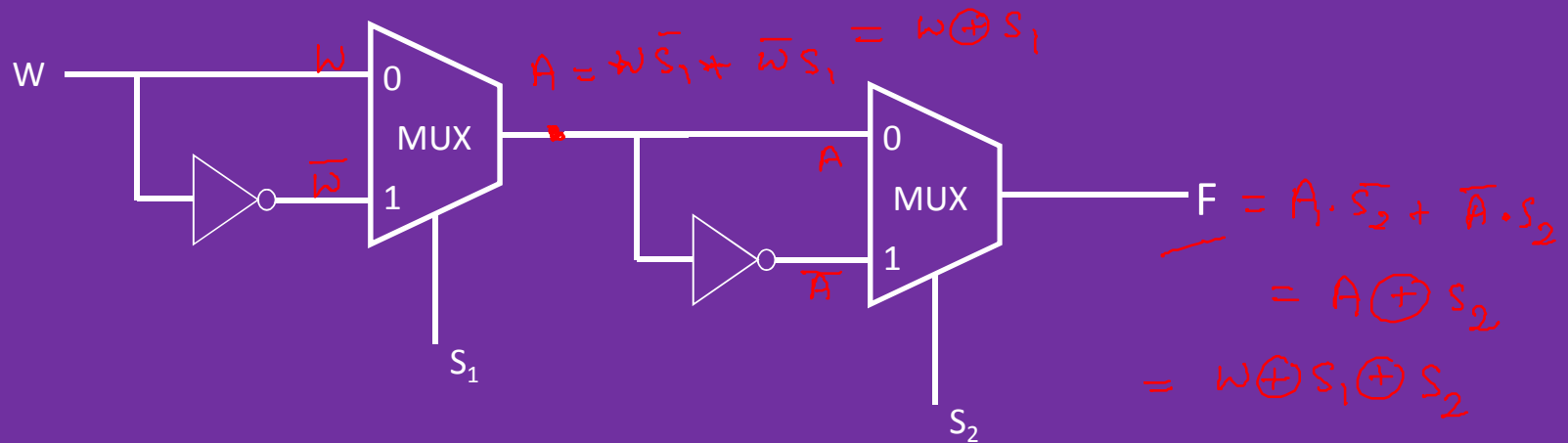
Importance Meter



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Q – 1 Consider the multiplexer based logic circuit shown in the figure.

GATE 2014 EC  
Marks: 1



Which of the following Boolean functions is realized by circuit ?

A)  $W \bar{S}_1 \bar{S}_2$

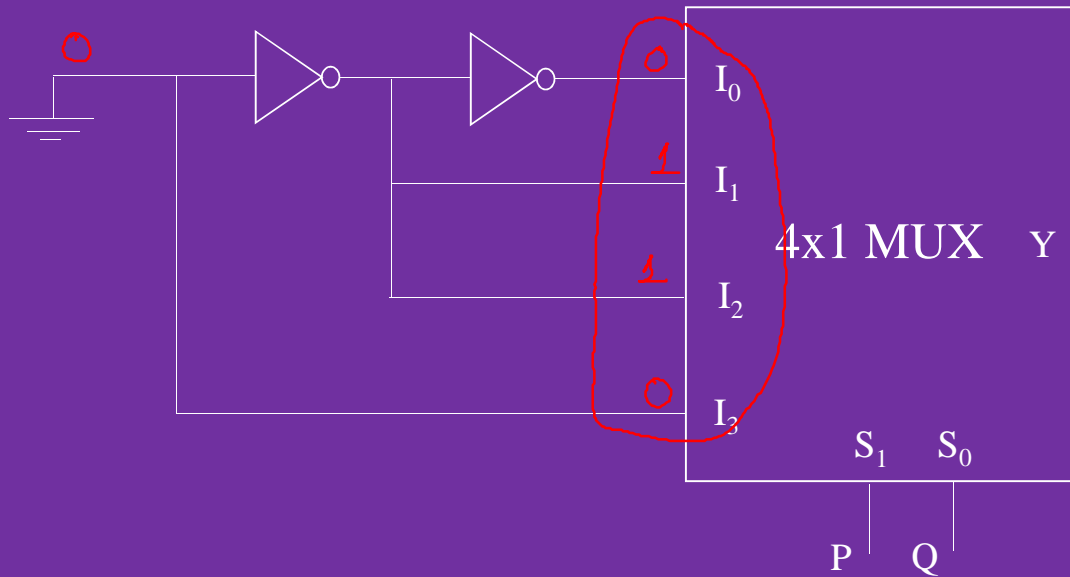
B)  $WS_1 + WS_2 + S_1S_2$

C)  $\bar{W} + S_2 + S_2$

D)  $W \oplus S_1 \oplus S_2$

Q – 2 The logic function implemented by the circuit below is

GATE 2011 EC  
Marks: 1

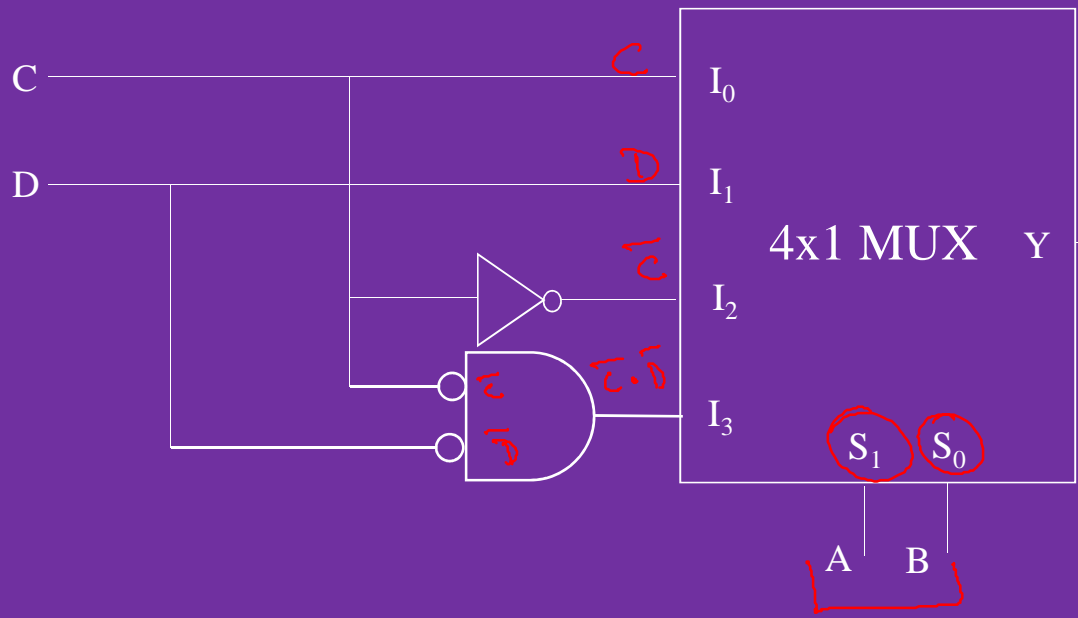


$$F = 0 \cdot \bar{P} \cdot \bar{Q} + 1 \cdot P \cdot \bar{Q} + 1 \cdot \bar{P} \cdot Q + 0 \cdot P \cdot Q$$
$$= P\bar{Q} + \bar{P}Q = P \oplus Q$$

- A)  $F = \text{AND}(P, Q)$     B)  $F = \text{OR}(P, Q)$     C)  $F = \text{XNOR}(P, Q)$      D)  $F = \text{XOR}(P, Q)$

Q – 3 The Boolean function realized by the logic circuit shown is

GATE 2010 EC  
Marks: 2



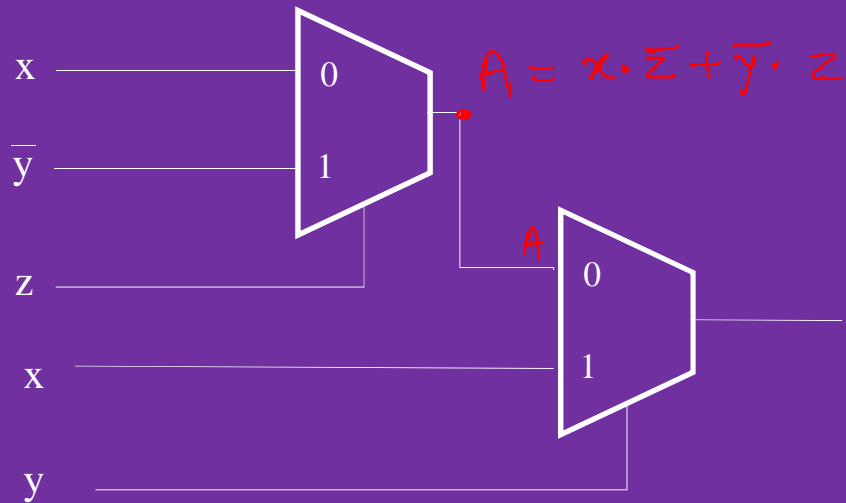
$$\begin{aligned}
 & F(A,B,C,D) \\
 &= C \cdot \bar{A} \cdot \bar{B} + D \cdot \bar{A} \cdot B + \bar{C} \cdot A \cdot \bar{B} \\
 & \quad + \bar{C} \cdot \bar{D} \cdot A \cdot B \\
 &= \bar{A} \bar{B} C (D + \bar{D}) + \bar{A} B (C + \bar{C}) D \\
 & \quad + \bar{A} \bar{B} \bar{C} (D + \bar{D}) +
 \end{aligned}$$

- A)  $F = m(0, 1, 3, 5, 9, 10, 14)$     B)  $F = m(2, 3, 5, 7, 8, 12, 13)$   
 C)  $F = m(1, 2, 4, 5, 11, 14, 15)$     D)  $F = m(2, 3, 5, 7, 8, 9, 12)$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \text{AB} \bar{C} \bar{D} \\
 &= 00 \overset{3}{11} + 00 \overset{2}{10} + 0 \overset{7}{111} \\
 & \quad + 0 \overset{5}{101} + 1 \overset{3}{001} + 1 \overset{8}{000} \\
 & \quad + 1 \overset{12}{100}
 \end{aligned}$$

Q – 4 Consider the circuit shown. Which of the following options correctly represents  $f(x,y,z)$  ?

GATE 2006 CSIT  
Marks: 2



$$\begin{aligned}
 f &= A.\bar{y} + x.y \\
 &= x.z.\bar{y} + \bar{y}.z.\bar{y} + x.y \\
 &= x.\bar{y}.z + z.\bar{y} + xy. \\
 &= x(y + \bar{y}z) + \bar{y}z \\
 &= x(y + \bar{y})(y + z) + (\bar{y}z) \\
 &\Rightarrow xy + x\bar{z} + \bar{y}z.
 \end{aligned}$$

A)  $x\bar{z} + x\bar{y} + \bar{y}z$

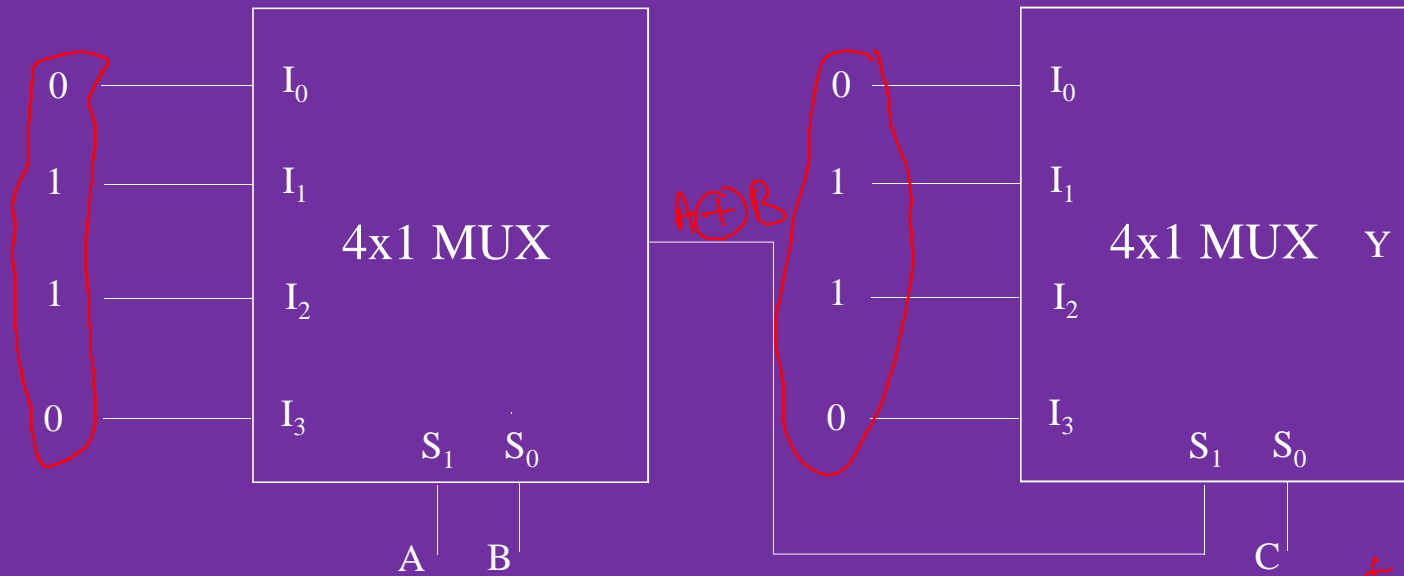
B)  $x\bar{z} + x\bar{y} + \bar{y}\bar{z}$

C)  $xz + x\bar{y} + \bar{y}\bar{z}$

D)  $xz + x\bar{y} + \bar{y}z$

Q – 5 In the following circuit, X is given by :-

GATE 2007 EC  
Marks: 2

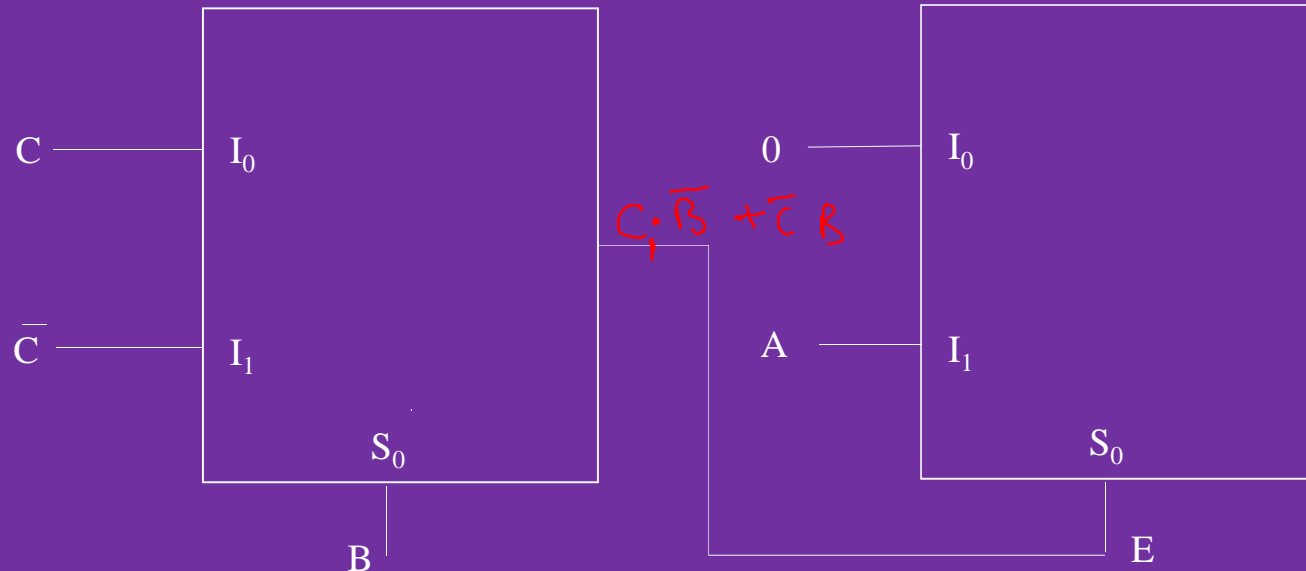


$$\begin{aligned}
 X &= S_1 \oplus S_0 \\
 &\Rightarrow A \oplus B \oplus C \\
 &\Rightarrow (A\bar{B} + \bar{A}B) \oplus C \\
 &= \overline{(A\bar{B} + \bar{A}B)} \cdot C + (A\bar{B} + \bar{A}B) \cdot C \\
 &\Rightarrow \overline{A\bar{B}} \cdot \overline{\bar{A}B} \cdot C + (A\bar{B} + \bar{A}B) \cdot C \\
 &= (\bar{A} + B) (A + \bar{B}) \cdot C \\
 &= \bar{A}\bar{B}C + BAC
 \end{aligned}$$

- A)  $X = A\bar{B}\bar{C} + \bar{A}B\bar{C} + \bar{A}\bar{B}C + ABC$
- B)  $X = \bar{A}BC + A\bar{B}C + ABC + \bar{A}\bar{B}\bar{C}$
- C)  $X = AB + BC + AC$
- D)  $X = \bar{A}\bar{B} + \bar{B}\bar{C} + AC$

Q – 6 The Boolean function  $f$  implemented in the figure using two input multiplexers is:

GATE 2005 EC  
Marks: 1



$C \cdot \bar{B} + \bar{C} B$

$f \Rightarrow 0 \cdot \bar{E} + A \cdot E$   
 $\Rightarrow A \cdot C \bar{B} + A \cdot \bar{C} B$



A)  $A \bar{B} C + A B \bar{C}$

B)  $A B C + A \bar{B} \bar{C}$

C)  $\bar{A} B C + \bar{A} \bar{B} \bar{C}$

D)  $\bar{A} \bar{B} C + \bar{A} B \bar{C}$

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# Thank you